Singer Identification

Bertrand SCHERRER

McGill University

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Bertrand SCHERRER (McGill University)

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Outline



Introduction

- Applications
- Challenges

Peature Extraction

Vocal/NonVocal Region Segmentation
 GMM-based methods

Classification

GMM





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Introduction

- Applications
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2 Feature Extraction

Vocal/NonVocal Region Segmentation
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ClassificationGMM

5 Results



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Singer Identification is to be (has been) applied on **pop music** mainly

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 Automatically label data for which no/or not much information is available ⇒ recognize the singer

- Distinguish between original version of a song and cover songs
- Copyright enforcement: recording companies could scan bootleg sites on the internet to check if there are any unauthorized recorded versions of a concert [Kim, 2002 and Tsai and Wang, 2006]
- Music recommendation systems could use singer identification to group singers with same voice characteristics.

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- Singing Voice = hybrid btw **speech** and **musical instrument** ⇒ create specific methods of analysis.
- In pop music, voice is never heard alone: presence of accompaniement

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6 Conclusion

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• As seen in the previous diagrams: need to extract some features from the sounds.

• Features used:

- MFCC (Mel-Frequency Cepstral Coefficient)
- MDCT (Modified Discrete Cosine Transform)
- LPCC (Linear Predictive Coding Coefficients)
- WLPCC (Warped ...)
- Cepstral Coefficients of the LPC spectrum
- LPMFCC (MFCC of the LPC spectrum)

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• Difference in spectrum between voiced regions and accompaniement-only: **hamonicity** of the voice.

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Vocal/NonVocal Region Segmentation

Voice/Accompaniement Spectra



Fig.1 [Tsai and Wang, 2006]

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Tsai's Approach



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Tsai's Approach

• This method is supposed to yield 82.3% accuracy [Tsai and Wang, 2006]

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Vocal/NonVocal Region Segmentation

GMM-based methods

Fujihara's Approach

Input (Audio signals)



from Fig.1 [Fujihara 2005]

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• The GMM classification between Vocal and Non Vocal is done on the resynthesized signal.

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Classification

3 main strategies

- GMM
- SVM
- *k*-NN

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Classification GMM

GMM Method with Solo Voice Modeling



Fig.3 [Tsai and Wang, 2006]

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Results

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Results

- Kim and Whitman 2002 $\Rightarrow 45\%$
- $\bullet\,$ Liu and Huang, 2002 \Rightarrow 80 %
- $\bullet\,$ Tsai and Wang, 2006, Fujihara et al., 2005 \Rightarrow 95%

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• Singer identification yields satisfactory results.

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- Only one article tackles Target Singer Detection or Target Singer Tracking: [Tsai and Wang 2006]. ⇒ results are not perfect for duet but are better than doing GMM without solo modeling.
- Specific to pop music ⇒ what happens with a cappela singers?
- Specific to on geographical area (Asia) ⇒ important because of voice mix

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Questions ?

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