

Orchestration and Perception Research at McGill

Funded by

FRQSC TSG 1 April 2013 – 31 March 2017

SSHRC PDG 1 April 2015 – 31 March 2018 (with IRCAM & HEM)

Killam Research Fellowship 1 August 2016 – 31 July 2018

FRQSC TSG 1 April 2017 – 31 March 2021

CFI 1 April 2015 – 31 March 2020



People

- **Psychology:** Stephen McAdams, Catherine Guastavino
 - **Text analysis:** Catherine Guastavino
 - **Signal analysis:** Philippe Depalle
 - **Music theory:** Robert Hasegawa, Meghan Goodchild
 - **Composition:** John Rea, Philippe Leroux
 - **Sound recording:** Martha de Francisco
 - **Conducting:** Guillaume Bourgogne
 - **Digital archiving:** Ichiro Fujinaga, Cynthia Leive
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Facilities

- Music Perception and Cognition Lab
 - CIRMMT
 - MultiMedia Room
 - Tanna Schulich Recital Hall
 - Pollack Concert Hall
 - McGill Symphony Orchestra
 - McGill Wind Orchestra
 - McGill Contemporary Music Ensemble
-

Aims

- Analysis/cataloguing of orchestral techniques and their perceptual effects
 - As described in orchestration treatises and composers' writings
 - As found in scores of representative works
- Development of data mining techniques for analysis of treatises and symbolic score representations
- Extended development and perceptual testing of a computer-aided orchestral rendering environment [OrchSim->OrchPlayMusic]
- Experimentation on perception of orchestral effects
- Integration of perceptual principles into IRCAM's Orchids and proposed extension by HEM
- Development of elements of a theory of orchestration (grounded in perception where possible)

Research themes

- Primary focus on role of timbre perception and auditory scene analysis principles in orchestration practice
- I: Timbre and auditory grouping
 - Perceptual fusion and blend
 - Voice segregation
- II: Timbre and musical structure
 - Thematic/motivic segmentation and sectional emphasis
 - Role in underscoring formal functions in music
- III: Timbre and harmony
- IV: Role of spatial position of sound sources and room acoustics
- V: Influence of performance interpretation

Research stages

1. Analysis of orchestration treatises
2. Score analysis and repertoire selection
3. Data-mining of scores for examples of perceptual phenomena (primarily auditory grouping at present)
4. CAOR of orchestrations and re-orchestrations (or subsets of instruments therein) proposed by composers and CAO environments
5. Perceptual experimentation
6. Integration into a scalable, queryable database

Auditory grouping processes

- Concurrent grouping
 - Auditory fusion – organization of acoustic surface into musical events
- Sequential grouping
 - Auditory streaming – connection of events into musical streams
 - Formation of orchestral layers
- Segmental grouping
 - Auditory segmentation – “chunking” of event streams into musical units of various sizes (several seconds to a couple of minutes)

Auditory grouping processes

Auditory grouping mechanisms



Perceptual properties



Musical function of the perceptual properties



Psychological foundation for orchestration theory

Treatise analysis

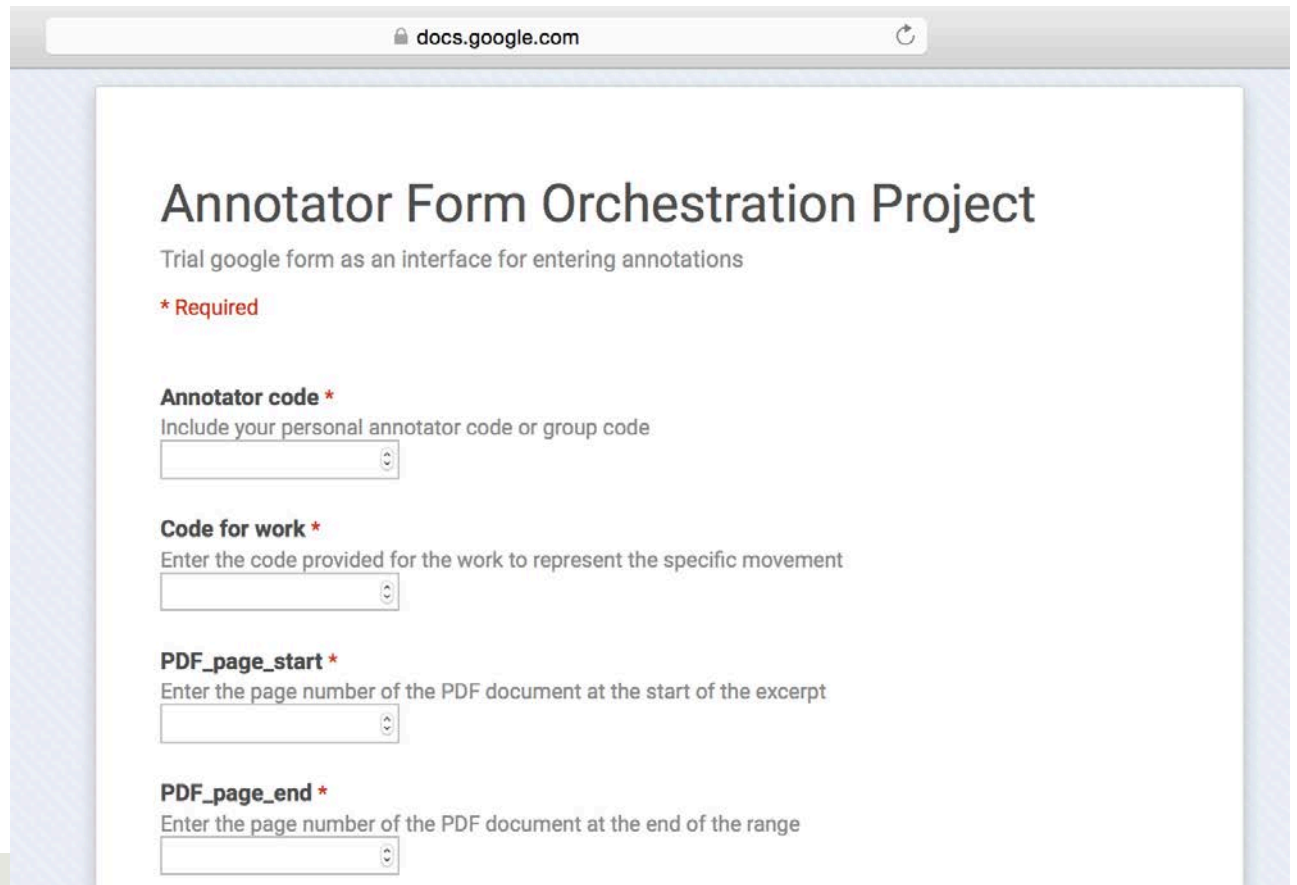
- Analyses of chapters related to orchestration in
 - Piston (1955), *Orchestration*
 - Read (1979), *Style and Orchestration*
 - Adler (2002), *The Study of Orchestration*, 3rd ed. s
 - Koechlin (1954-59), *Traité d'orchestration*, vol. 3
 - all scanned and OCR'd
- Analysis categories
 - searching for text related to fusion, segregation, timbral contrasts, stratification, *Klangfarbenmelodien*, orchestral gestures, timbral qualities, various other orchestration techniques

Score analysis

- Empirical analysis method
 - Individually
 - Examine the score and listen to recording(s)
 - Annotate salient examples of orchestral devices on PDF
 - Pairs
 - Compare analyses, develop joint analysis by consensus
 - Catalogue details for database
 - Whole group
 - Share analyses, discuss issues, refine analysis categories

Score analysis

- Annotations
 - Span of measures
 - Start and end timing of recording(s)
 - Type of device
 - Instrumentation
 - Notes (free text)
 - Strength rating (1-5)



The screenshot shows a Google Docs interface with a form titled "Annotator Form Orchestration Project". The form is a trial Google form used for entering annotations. It includes several required fields:

- Annotator code ***: A text input field with a dropdown arrow. The instruction below it says "Include your personal annotator code or group code".
- Code for work ***: A text input field with a dropdown arrow. The instruction below it says "Enter the code provided for the work to represent the specific movement".
- PDF_page_start ***: A text input field with a dropdown arrow. The instruction below it says "Enter the page number of the PDF document at the start of the excerpt".
- PDF_page_end ***: A text input field with a dropdown arrow. The instruction below it says "Enter the page number of the PDF document at the end of the range".

Score analysis

Promenade

0:00

General contrasts

0:08 Blend: Augmentation

Segregation

The image displays a musical score for the piece 'Promenade'. The score is written for a large ensemble, including 3 Flutes, 1 Oboe, 2 Clarinets in B-flat, 1 Bass Clarinet in B-flat, 2 Basses, 1 Contrabass, 1 Chromatic Horn in F, 1st Violins, and 2nd Violins. The time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two main sections: 'General contrasts' starting at 0:00 and 'Blend: Augmentation' starting at 0:08. The 'Blend: Augmentation' section is further labeled 'Segregation'. A red box highlights a passage in the Oboe and Bass Clarinet parts, and a green box highlights a passage in the Bass part. A purple box highlights a passage in the Chromatic Horn part. The score is written in a standard musical notation with staves and notes.

3 FLÛTES

1 HAUTBOIS

2 CLARINETTES EN SI \flat

CLARINETTE BASSE EN SI \flat

2 BASSONS

CONTREBASSON

COR CHROM. EN FA

1^{re} VIOLONS

2^{de} VIOLONS

1st Solo

Database – orchard.actor-project.org

ORCHestration Analysis and Research Database

- 4300 annotations in 75 movements
 - Mozart, Haydn, Beethoven, Schubert, Berlioz, Mendelssohn, Wagner, Verdi, Smetana, Rimsky-Korsokov, Bizet, Borodin, Bruckner, Brahms, Mahler, Strauss, Mussorgsky, Sibelius, d'Indy, Debussy, Ravel, Vaughan Williams, Holst, Ticheli
- Design
 - Relational database backend (PostgreSQL)
 - Indexing and search engine (Apache Solr)
 - Web application server (Django)
- Functionality
 - Simple and complex queries
 - View annotated scores and stream musical clips
 - Upload future analyses and integrate into collection

Database – orchard.actor-project.org

ORCHARD Search Advanced Search QueryBuilder Search Models Browse Analyses

About

DjDT

QueryBuilder

AND OR ☒ Invert + Add rule + Add group

☒ Effect in Blends ☐ Segregations ☒ Stratifications ☐ Progressives ☒ Contrasts ☐ Gestures ⓘ Delete

☒ Strength greater or equal 3 Delete

☒ Movement equal III Delete

AND OR ☒ Invert ☒ + Add rule + Add group Delete

☒ Composer contains Mahler Delete

☒ Composer contains Mussorgsky Delete

☒ Date equal 1821 : 1927 Delete

Reset Example Submit

NEXT >

Progressive Orchestration

Strength : 3
Movement: III - Symphony 2
Instrumentation: None

Progressive

Progressive Orchestration

Strength : 3
Movement: III - Symphony 2
Instrumentation: None

Progressive

Progressive Orchestration

Progressive

Database - ORCHARD

< BACK

Symphony No. 5

0:00 Blend: Augmentation Allegro con brio. (♩ = 108) Sectional division Stratification 0:07

Flauti 1, 2
Oboi 1, 2
Clarinetti 1, 2 in Bb
Fagotti 1, 2
Cori 1, 2 in Eb
Trombe 1, 2 in C
Timpani in C, G
Violino I
Violino II
Viola
Violoncello
Contrabbasso

Beethoven: Symphony No. 5 in C minor, Op. 67, Movt. 1: Allegro con brio
http://www.musdata.org/beethoven/sym-5
© 2008 Center for Computer Assisted Research in the Humanities (CCARH)
page 2
7 Aug 2008

0:14 Blend: Punctuation Blend: Augmentation Sectional division Stratification 0:18 Sectional division 0:22

Stratification - cont'd

Stratification Detail

2 Layers - Static (STR17)

Work : Ludwig van Beethoven - Symphony 5 - I

Measures : 6 - 16

Time : 00:00:07 - 00:00:14

Strength : 3

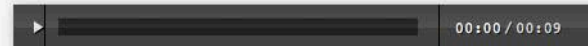
Score pages : 2 to 3

PDF pages : 2 to 3

Foreground: violin 1, violin 2, viola

Background: bassoon 1, bassoon 2, cello

Notes : Strings are in the foreground, with the bassoon in the back



Recording Info:

Tonhalle Orchester, David Zinman, Arte Nova

Perceptual experiments

- Blend perception
 - Aim: understand conditions under which instruments blend together more or less strongly
 - Blend in the sense of perceptual fusion into a single sound image
 - Selected excerpts with various blend strengths and combinations of instrumental choirs
 - Rendered in full context in *OrchSim*
 - Extracted only instruments involved in a blend
 - Ratings of multiplicity and blend
- Similar approach to segregation of concurrent blended instrument groups

Future projects related to ACTOR

- Database
 - Import more score analysis data
 - Integrate perceptual results
 - Integrate treatise analyses
 - Integrate machine-readable scores (OMR) and acoustic analyses
 - Data mining of annotations, machine-readable scores, acoustic properties and perceptual results for common characteristics of different techniques/effects
 - Integrate with OrchPlayMusic Library
 - Integrate into ACTOR online pedagogical website

Future projects

- ▣ Perception experiments
 - ▣ Experiments to refine subcategories of categories based on perceptual grouping
 - ▣ Extension to other aspects of orchestration
 - ▣ Counter-factuals/reorchestrations and renderings to test hypotheses
 - ▣ Analysis of performance differences and their æsthetic impact
 - ▣ Timbre, voice leading, formal functions and harmony

Other partners

- Conservatoire national supérieur de musique et de danse de Paris
- Haute école de musique de Genève
- Les clés de l'écoute & Sonic Solveig (Paris)
- Orchestre symphonique de Montréal
- Applied Acoustics Systems (Montreal)

Conservatoire national supérieur de musique et de danse de Paris

- Orchestration courses at different levels and prix d'orchestration
- Multiple orchestrations of a given piano piece each year
- Recorded by CNSMDP orchestra

**CONSERVATOIRE
NATIONAL SUPÉRIEUR
DE MUSIQUE ET
DE DANSE DE PARIS**

Haute école de musique de Genève

- Computer-aided orchestration (ORVEO and e-orch projects)
 - Orchis/Pléione
- Pedagogical applications in teaching orchestration with new digital tools
- Recording live musicians interpreting results of CAO – evaluate musical relevance and playability
- Strong interest in role of spatial position of instruments on realization of orchestration goals



Architecture and application of orchestration tools

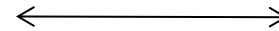
1- Target sound (static or average)



2- Extraction of audio descriptors



3- Orchestration engine
(Orchidée)



DB
(features)

DB
(sounds)

4- Orchestration proposal



5- Simulation, corrections and export for writing



Current limitations

- Instrumental knowledge
- Timbre description
- No model for unisons
- Some playing styles cannot be handled
- Global constraints only

LES CLES DE L'ÉCOUTE

Producer of shows for orchestras



Mediation through live shows

Four strong axes



- High-quality content
- Transdisciplinarity
- Accessibility
- Interactivity

Digital products

Mediation through interaction

Sonic Solveig

Publisher of interactive musical content

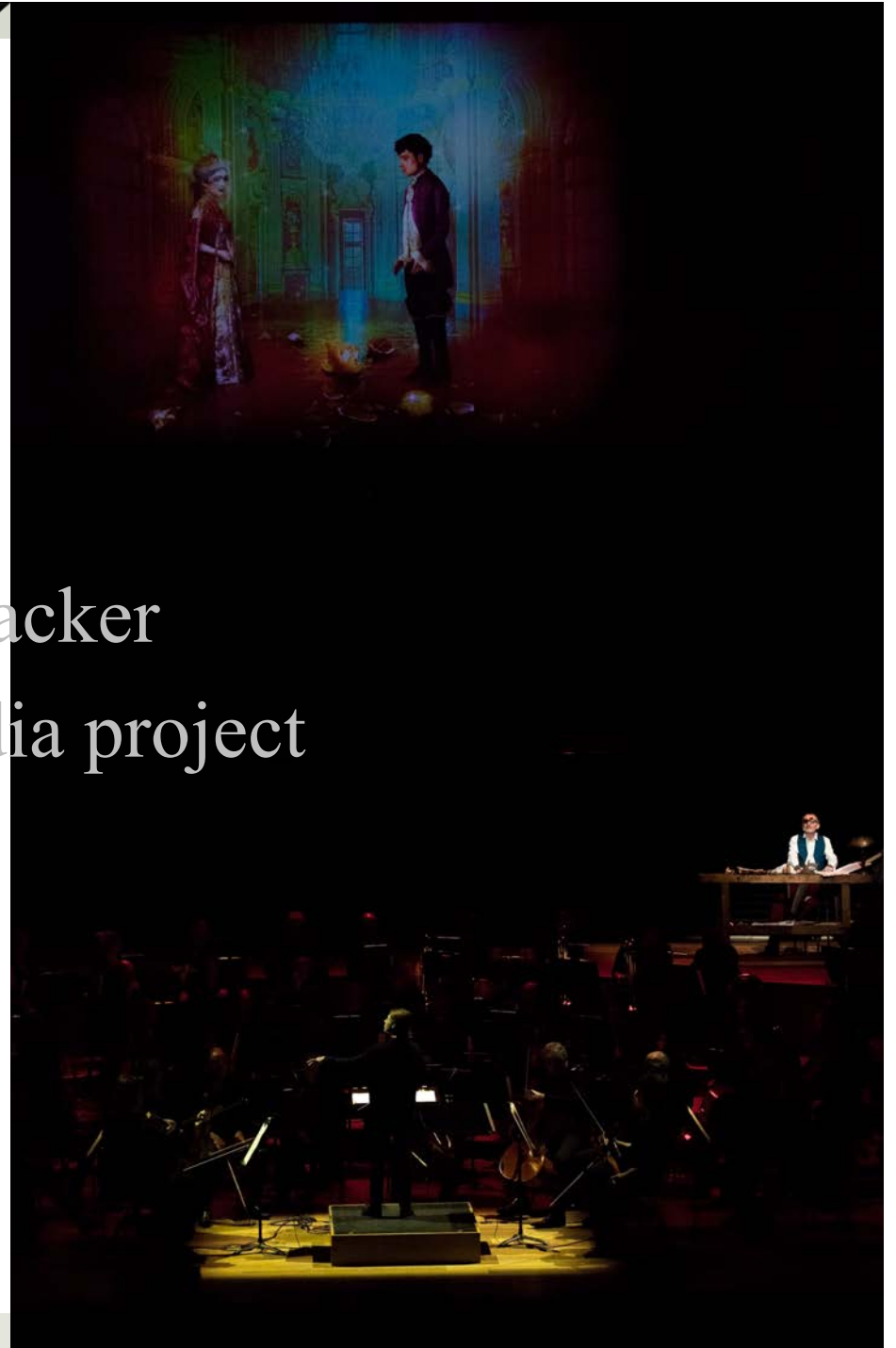


Transmedia

Prolonging the concert
experience

Befpre and after thanks to
digital media

Nutcracker a transmedia project



The collection App&Symphonies

Games of rhythm, orchestration, timbre and sound memory



Actuellement disponible sur
appstore

Nov 2016 – sur tout support
tablette / mobile / ordinateur

Français et Anglais



En cours de production

Nov 2016 – sur tout support
tablette / mobile / ordinateur

Français et Anglais



En développement

2018 – sur tout support tablette
/ mobile / ordinateur

Forthcoming digital collaborations



Les Siècles
François-Xavier ROTH



LES CLES DE L'ÉCOUTE

Ses partenaires



ORCH
ESTRE
D E
PARIS



PHILHARMONIE
DE PARIS



● OPERA DE MASSY
Direction Jack-Henri Soumère PARIS SUD

Orchestre symphonique de Montréal

- Pedagogical events in collaboration with Les clés de l'écoute and Sonic Solveig
- Access to rehearsals for young composers to see how conductors put together an orchestral piece
- Access to musicians and conductors for interviews on interpretation and realization of orchestration



ORCHESTRE
SYMPHONIQUE
DE MONTRÉAL

Applied Acoustics Systems

- Applied Acoustics Systems is a Montreal-based company founded in 1998.
- We specialize in sound synthesis by physical modeling.
- Our product line includes precise emulations of acoustic and electronic instruments as well as a wide range of unfamiliar instruments with distinctive timbres.



Applied Acoustics Systems

What do we bring?

- Strong background in sound synthesis and modeling of musical instruments.
 - Practical expertise in the development of computer-based synthesizers and the control of synthesis.
-

What do we expect from the project?

- Our specific interest lies in the control of timbre in synthesized sources.
- Physical models involve numerous parameters each with a large range of possible values
- The task of adjusting these parameters is very difficult especially when trying to reproduce specific instruments.
- Through this project, we would like to develop automatic adjustment methods of these parameters based on perceptual models.

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- We have begun to use evolutionary search algorithms to automatically explore the sound space of synthesis algorithms using timbral features.
 - We would like to further develop this approach and combine this to learning algorithms in order to be able to automatically adjust physical model parameters and obtain specific types of timbres.
 - Ultimately this would allow to improve the ability to reproduce acoustic instruments with physical models
 - More generally this would allow to apply orchestration criteria to electronic sounds and new instrumental timbres.
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